

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

The specification as amended below with replacement paragraphs shows added text with underlining and deleted text with ~~strikethrough~~.

Please REPLACE paragraph [0005] on pages 1-2 with the following amended paragraph:

**[0005]** In FIG. 1, holes are injected from the anode 7, which is a transparent electrode, so that the injected holes are transferred to an emitting layer 4 which is one of organic film layers 10 through a hole injection layer 6 and a hole transport layer 5, and electrons are injected from a cathode 1 so that the injected electrons are transferred to the emitting layer 4 through an electron injection layer 2 and an electron transport layer 3. The transferred electrons and holes are bonded in the emitting layer 4 to emit light.

Please REPLACE paragraph [0024] on pages 4-5 with the following amended paragraph:

**[0024]** Referring to FIG. 2, an embodiment of the present invention comprises a first electrode 7 and a second electrode 1 formed on a substrate (not shown), and one or more organic film layers 10 positioned between the first electrode 7 and the second electrode 1. One or more emitting layers 4 are provided in the organic film layers 10, and a first organic film layer 8 is provided between the emitting layers 4 and the second electrode 1.

Please REPLACE paragraphs [0042] and [0043] on pages 7-8 with the following amended paragraphs:

**[0042]** In general, the performances of electroluminescent devices show maximum values at a in an electron injection layer thickness range between 1 nm and 4 nm. However, this thin an

electron injection layer is too thin to form a continuous film. Instead, the electron injection layer in that thickness range forms an island structure.

**[0043]** To overcome this lack of uniformity, and to improve the electron injection from the second electrode 1 to the electron transport layer 3, a supplementary layer (the second organic film layer 9) comprising a mixture of an organic metal complex compound and an electron transport layer material was introduced as a second layer of a bi-layer electron injection structure. The bi-layer electron injection structure enhances the electron injection, which results in the improvement of the efficiency and lifetime of the device. A mixture of an organic metal complex compound and an electron transport layer material can also be used as an electron transport layer 3, as well as an electron injection layer 2.

Please REPLACE paragraph [0060] on page 13 with the following amended paragraph:

**[0060]** An organic electroluminescent display device, according to an embodiment of the present invention, improved efficiency and luminance by 20% or more, and improved the life span 80% or more, compared with an organic electroluminescent display device having the conventional structure, by using a bi-layer electron injection layer or structure comprised of an organic metal complex compound layer and a mixture layer of electron transport layer material and an organic metal complex compound.